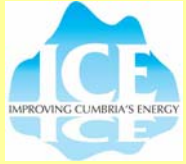




Presentation by
Suzanne Burgess

Using Less Heat

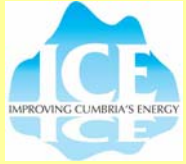




Effects of Climate Change

- **Not just about warmer days!**
- **More extremely hot weather** ...subsidence, risks to health, uncomfortable working conditions.
- **Lower summer rainfall...** water shortages, landscape fires, impacts on wildlife.
- **More 'driving' rain in the winter...** floods, damage to property, higher insurance premiums.
- **More windy, erratic weather...** disruption to travel, energy supplies, repair costs.

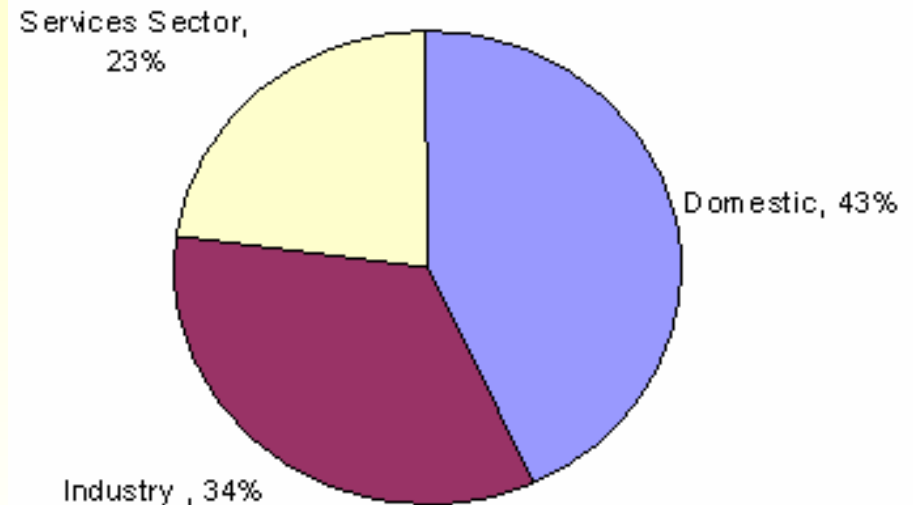


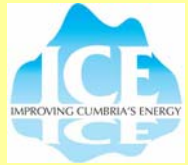


Energy demands in the built environment sector

The energy consumed by the UK building stock accounts for over 70% of the UK total primary energy consumption.

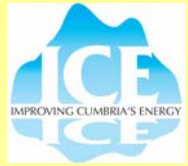
- Domestic sector 43%
- Industry 34%
- Services sector 23%





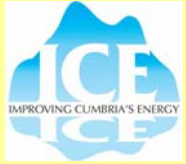
Energy demands in the built environment sector

- The most immediate means of improving energy efficiency in buildings is:
 - Improve the quality of the building fabric.
 - New efficient domestic appliances
 - Building technologies
 - Legislation and improved building regulations
 - Adoption of small-scale renewable technologies.
- In the long term greater public awareness of the importance of energy efficiency is required.
- Buildings are responsible for 45% of carbon emissions in the UK.
- A typical UK dwelling's annual carbon footprint is around 9 tonnes CO₂.
- Upgrading to 'best practice' insulation levels and using currently available efficient systems, lights and appliances, the footprint could, in theory, be reduced to 1.7 tonnes.



Energy Efficiency is the Key

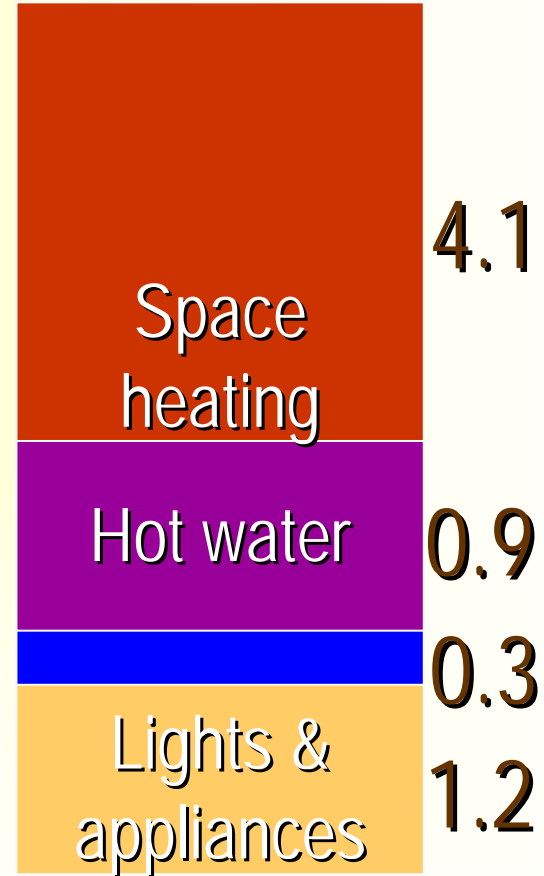
- **Low cost / No Cost**
 - **Turning thermostat down by 10C could cut the heating bills by up to 10% and save around £30 per year.**
 - **Switch all electrical appliances off at the on/off button.**
During standby the appliances still uses up to 25% of full power.
 - **Never overfill a kettle, use any heating element appliance effectively**
 - **Low Energy Light Bulbs (CFLs) use about a 1/4 of the electricity that a normal bulb uses, lasts about 8 times as long and will save about £10 to £12 per annum.**
- **Insulation**
 - **35% – cavity wall insulation**
 - **25% – loft insulation**
- **Heating**
 - **Age of the system**
 - **Controls**

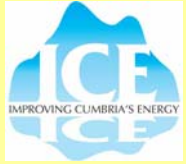


Typical 3 bed semi



6.5 tonnes





Typical 3 bed semi – advanced package



Cavity insulation + 100 mm
external insulation or 150mm
external

300 mm loft insulation

200 mm floor insulation

Double glazed super low E argon

Insulated doors

5 ach/h @ 50 Pa

Heat recovery ventilation

Condensing boiler



Cumbria EEAC

For more information contact us on:

0800 512012

01228 538765

cumbriaeeac@btconnect.com